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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/718,754	11/21/2003	Stan V. Lyons	M881.12-0017	1446
164 75	90 12/17/2004		EXAM	INER
KINNEY & LANGE, P.A.			JOHNSTON, PHILLIP A	
THE KINNEY & LANGE BUILDING 312 SOUTH THIRD STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	S, MN 55415-1002		2881	
			DATE MAILED: 12/17/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/718,754	LYONS ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Phillip A Johnston	2881			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address -			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR ITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, b Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reption. s, a repty within the statutory minimum of thirty openiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT of statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. INDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	01 September 2004.				
•					
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice up	- illowance except for formal matte	•			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,4-15,17 and 18 is/are pendidual 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,2,4-15,17 and 18 is/are reject 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	ithdrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 12 November 200 Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	23 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand correction is required if the drawing(s	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority doct 2. Certified copies of the priority doct 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International II * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in Ap e priority documents have been r Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date			
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO-Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	·/	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Detailed Action

1. This Office Action is submitted in response to an amendment filed 9-01-2004, wherein claims 1,4-6,9,12,14, and 17 have been amended and claims 3,16, and 19 have been cancelled. Claims 1,2,4-15,17, and 18 are pending.

Claims Rejection – 35 U.S.C. 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1,2,4-15,17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2003/0129274 to Garwood, in view of Nablo, U.S. Patent No. 5,825,037.

Garwood (274) discloses a bulk material irradiation system that includes;

(a) An input for inserting ground meat; a bulk material tube connected to the input and forming a path for the ground meat to be transported (forced to flow through) between vessels with a pump; an irradiation assembly providing ionizing radiation to irradiate the bulk material passing adjacent to the irradiation assembly in the bulk

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material tube; and an output for irradiated bulk material to exit the bulk material tube, as recited in claims 1,6,9,12,14, and 17. See page 27, claim 18; and paragraphs [0136] and [0152];

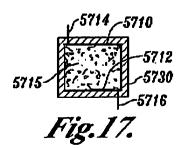
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- (b) An electron beam directed directly at and through a stream of grinds while the grinds are passing through a tube, which is equivalent to penetrating the full thickness of the bulk material, as recited in claims 1,6,9,12,14, and 17. See paragraph [0152];
- (c) A port 1622 is provided at the apex of removable dome 1610 providing a port to inject gases and other substances such as O₃, F₂, H₂O₂, KmnO₄, HCIO, CIO₂, O₂, Br₂, I₂, or any combination thereof and flavors into or alternatively extract from within the pressure vessel through port 1622. Alternatively, a gas blend is injected into the pressure vessel through port 1622 and maintained at a pressure of about 25 psi. A gas blend including nitrogen and/or carbon dioxide and/or ozone (O₃) will be provided into pressure vessel via port 1622. Water and oils contained in the ground meat can then absorb carbon dioxide until it becomes substantially saturated and cannot absorb any additional carbon dioxide. A controller to maintain and/or adjust and vary pressure of the gases within the pressure vessel, as desired, is also provided but not shown, as recited in claims1 and 4. See paragraph [0128];

It is inherent in Garwood (274) that, keeping the pressure in the conduit at a selected level requires the use of a pressure sensor and a flow adjusting mechanism, as recited in claim 4.

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- (d) Controlling the liquid contained in the ground beef, which is equivalent to the liquid bulk material, as recited in claim 15. See paragraph's [0063], [0114] and [0124] and;
- (e) The fat content of each stream of ground beef can be measured, by any suitable measuring device such as that shown as 5730 in FIG. 17, and the fat content will therefore be known. The velocity of each stream of material can be adjusted by adjusting the speed of separate vane pumps arranged in such a manner so as to provide for velocity adjustment. By adjusting the velocity of each stream of processed material corresponding to the measured fat content contained therein, delivered quantities of the processed material, can be adjusted such that when any two or more streams are combined together, the resultant fat content of the combined stream will be substantially constant and as required. In this way, the known fat content of the combined stream of processed material can be maintained to within a narrow range of variation., as recited in claim 17. See Figure 17 below; and paragraph [0153].



Garwood (274) as applied above fails to teach the specific design limitations of the irradiation region of the bulk material tube, as recited in claims 5,7,8, and 12-14.

However, Nablo (037) discloses;

(a) A semi-cylindrical treatment zone that has a Titanium window and a layer of

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- high Z material attached to the cavity, as recited in claims 5, 7 and 8. See column 5,
- line 64-67; and Column 6, line 1-7;
- (b) Water cooled cavity walls, as recited in claims 12 and 14. See Column 8, line 19-21.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the ground meat irradiation apparatus and method of Garwood (274) can be modified to use the bulk material tube of Nablo (037), to provide a cross-sectional profile of the tube that provides maximum exposure to the electron beam, thereby the conditioned ground beef can be sterilized.

Garwood (274) and Nablo (037) disclose the claimed invention except for the use of a bulk material tube composed of titanium and a layer of stainless steel. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a bulk material tube composed of titanium and a layer of stainless steel, as recite in claims 7 and 8, since it have been held to be within the ordinary skill of worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use. One would have been motivated to use a bulk material tube composed of titanium and a layer of stainless steel for the purpose of designing the irradiation treatment cavity capable of providing for both radiation and structural requirements, which Garwood (274) and Nablo (037) recognize.

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In re; Sinclair & Carroll Co. v. Interchemical Corp., 325 U.S. 327, 65 USPQ 297 (1945) The selection of a known material based on its suitability for its intended use supports a prima facie obviousness determination.

6. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garwood (274) and Nablo (037) in view of McKeown (401).

The combination of Garwood (274) and Nablo (037) does not disclose irradiating the bulk material from two opposite sides, as recited in claim 2. However, McKeown (401) discloses an irradiation apparatus for delivering a charged particle beam on two sides of the material being irradiated. See Abstract.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the ground meat irradiation apparatus and method of Garwood (274) and Nablo (037) can be modified to use the dual beam path irradiation source of McKeown (401), to provide uniform irradiation of the ground meat which can thus be sterilized.

7. Claims 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Garwood (274), Nablo (037) and McKeown (401) and in further view of Kanter (201).

The combination of Garwood (274), Nablo (037) and McKeown (401) does not disclose the use of a dosimetry carrier, as recited in claims 9-11. However, Kanter (201) discloses a dosimetry carrier for monitoring the irradiation of bulk material, as recited in claims 9-11. See Abstract.

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the ground meat irradiation apparatus and method of Garwood (274), Nablo (037) and McKeown (401) can be modified to use the dosimetry carrier of Kanter (201), to

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monitor radiation incident within the bulk volume from a number of different directions in order to provide a more accurate indication of the average radiation dose.

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Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications should be directed to Phillip Johnston whose telephone number is (571) 272-2475. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 7:30 am to 4:00 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiners supervisor John Lee can be reached at (571) 272-2477. The fax phone number for the organization where the application or proceeding is assigned is 703 872 9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PJ

December 8, 2004